## Amendments to the Claims

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions, and listings, of claims in the application.

 (Currently Amended) A method for controlling transmission latency in a communications system, wherein the communications system is subject to a noise signal having at least a first noise phase and a second noise phase, the method comprising:

determining a first bit rate for symbols transmitted during the first noise phase, and a second bit rate for symbols transmitted during the second noise phase, the first bit rate and the second bit rate being constrained such that a transmission latency does not exceed a predetermined maximum allowed transmission latency; and

transmitting symbols at the first bit rate during the first noise phase and at the second bit rate during the second noise phase,

wherein the first noise phase corresponds to a first signal-to-noise ratio, and the second noise phase corresponds to a second signal-to-noise ratio, the second-signal-to-noise ratio being higher than the first signal to noise ratio;

wherein the second bit rate is determined based on the second signal-to-noise ratio, and

wherein the first bit rate is determined based on the second bit rate and the predetermined maximum allowed transmission latency by an algebraic equation of a combination of definite values that include the second bit rate, the pre-determined maximum allowed transmission latency, a discrete multi-tone symbol duration, a number S<sub>1</sub> of symbols of the first noise phase transmitted during a number C of noise clock cycles, and a number S<sub>2</sub> of symbols of the second noise phase transmitted during the number C of noise clock cycles.

 (Previously Presented) The method according to claim 1, further comprising:

communicating the predetermined maximum allowed transmission latency via a message to a receiver of the communications system.

 (Previously Presented) The method according to claim 2, further comprising:

configuring, in accordance with the first bit rate, a first bit allocation table for symbols transmitted during the first noise phase; and

configuring, in accordance with the second bit rate, a second bit allocation table for symbols transmitted during the second noise phase.

4. (Currently Amended) An apparatus for controlling transmission latency in a communications system, wherein the communications system is subject to a noise signal having at least a first noise phase and a second noise phase, the apparatus comprising:

a constrained rate receiver for determining a first bit rate for symbols transmitted during the first noise phase, and a second bit rate for symbols transmitted during the second noise phase, the first bit rate and the second bit rate being constrained such that a transmission latency does not exceed a predetermined maximum allowed transmission latency; and

a constrained rate transmitter for transmitting symbols at the first bit rate during the first noise phase and at the second bit rate during the second noise phase,

wherein the first noise phase corresponds to a first signal-to-noise ratio, and the second noise phase corresponds to a second signal-to-noise ratio, the second signal-to-noise ratio being higher than the first signal-to-noise ratio.

wherein the second bit rate is determined based on the second signal-to-noise ratio, and

wherein the first bit rate is determined based on the second bit rate and the predetermined maximum allowed transmission latency by an algebraic equation of a combination of definite values that include the second bit rate, the pre-determined maximum allowed transmission latency, a discrete multi-tone symbol duration, a number S<sub>1</sub> of symbols of the first noise phase transmitted during a number C of noise clock cycles, and a number S<sub>2</sub> of symbols of the second noise phase transmitted during the number C of noise clock cycles.

- (Previously Presented) The apparatus according to claim 4, wherein the constrained rate transmitter further comprises:
- a latency control transmitter for communicating the predetermined maximum allowed transmission latency via a message to the constrained rate receiver.

 (Previously Presented) The apparatus according to claim 5, wherein the constrained rate receiver further comprises:

a first bit allocation table controller for configuring, in accordance with the first bit rate, a first bit allocation table for symbols transmitted during the first noise phase; and

a second bit allocation table controller for configuring, in accordance with the second bit rate, a second bit allocation table for symbols transmitted during the second noise phase.

7. (Currently Amended) A constrained rate receiver for controlling transmission latency in a communications system, wherein the communications system is subject to a noise signal having at least a first noise phase and a second noise phase, the constrained rate receiver configured to determine a first bit rate for symbols transmitted during the first noise phase, and a second bit rate for symbols transmitted during the second noise phase, the first bit rate and second bit rate being constrained such that a transmission latency does not exceed a predetermined maximum allowed transmission latency, the constrained rate receiver comprising:

a first bit rate controller for determining the first bit rate, wherein the first bit rate is determined by an algebraic equation of a combination of definite values that include the second bit rate, the pre-determined maximum allowed transmission latency, a discrete multi-tone symbol duration, a number S<sub>1</sub> of symbols of the first noise phase transmitted during a number C of noise clock cycles, and a number S<sub>2</sub> of symbols of the

second noise phase transmitted during the number C of noise clock cycles on the second based bit rate and the pre-determined maximum allowed transmission latency; and

a second bit rate controller for determining the second bit rate based on a signal-to-noise ratio associated with the second noise phase[[,]]

wherein the signal-to-noise ratio associated with the second noise phase is higher than a signal-to-noise ratio associated with the first-noise phase.

## 8-9. (Cancelled)

- (Previously Presented) The constrained rate receiver according to claim 7, further configured to receive a message communicating the predetermined maximum allowed transmission latency.
- (Previously Presented) The constrained rate receiver according to claim
  further comprising:

a first bit allocation table controller for configuring, in accordance with the first bit rate, a first bit allocation table for symbols transmitted during the first noise phase; and

a second bit allocation table controller for configuring, in accordance with the second bit rate, a second bit allocation table for symbols transmitted during the second noise phase.

## 12-13. (Cancelled)

14. (Previously Presented) The constrained rate receiver according to claim 7, wherein the first bit rate controller comprises a controller for determining the first bit rate in accordance with the following equation:

$$R_1 = -R_2 * \frac{S_2}{S_1} * \frac{latency * C + SymTime * S_1}{latency * C - SymTime * S_2}$$

where  $R_1$  is the first bit rate,  $R_2$  is the second bit rate, latency is the predetermined maximum allowed transmission latency, and SymTime is a discrete multi-tone symbol duration, for  $S_2$  symbols of the second noise phase transmitted during a number C of noise clock cycles and  $S_1$  symbols of the first noise phase transmitted during the number C of noise clock cycles.

- (Previously Presented) The constrained rate receiver according to claim
  operating in a communications system which is an adaptive rate communications
  system.
- 16. (Previously Presented) The constrained rate receiver according to claim 15, wherein the communications system is an asymmetric digital subscriber line communications system.

17-22. (Cancelled)